Family Size and Income Determination Policy

Background: To be eligible for Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) programs and services, individuals must meet WIOA eligibility requirements. When determining an individual’s WIOA eligibility based on low-income status, service providers use the income guidelines identified by the U.S. Department of Labor’s (DOL) Lower Living Standard Income Level (LLSIL) guidelines and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services’ (HHS) Poverty Guidelines. Each of these guidelines are updated annually.

Scope: This policy applies to all service providers operating WIOA Title I programs and WIOA Title I program manager(s). This policy is effective July 1, 2022.

Policy:

Family Size:

- Family size must be determined and verified only if using family income to determine low-income status. Family size will be determined by counting the maximum number of family members consistently in the residence during the last 6 months, not including the current month.
- A family, for eligibility purposes, means 2 or more persons related by blood, marriage, or decree of court, who are living in a single residence. Family may also include a parent or guardian and dependent children.
- In certain cases, an individual may be considered a “family of one” for the purpose of eligibility determination. This includes individuals with a disability whose family income may exceed the income criteria, but whose own income meets the income criteria.

Income Determination:

- Income is the amount of all reportable income for each family member for the prior 6 months, not including the current month. This amount multiplied by 2 is the total annualized family income.
- Family income means all includable income received from all sources by all members of the family during the income determination period. However, when computing family income, the income of a spouse and/or other family members will only be counted for that portion of the income determination period that the person was a part of the family of the applicant. Family size for the determination period is the maximum size of the family during such period. All items not expressly excluded are includable income.
- Applicants having minimum or no income should complete an applicant statement that describes their means of support in the last six months.

Include in Family Income:

- Money, wages and salaries before any deductions;
Net receipts from non-farm self-employment (receipts from a person’s own unincorporated business, professional enterprise, or partnership after deductions for business expense);
Net receipts from farm self-employment (receipts from a farm which one operates as an owner, renter, or sharecropper, after deductions for farm operating expenses);
Regular payments for railroad retirement, strike benefits from union funds, worker’s compensation, and training stipends;
Alimony;
Military family allotments or other regular support from an absent family member or someone not living in the household;
Pensions whether private or government employee (including military retirement pay);
Regular insurance or annuity payments other than Supplemental Security Disability Income (SSDI) or veterans’ disability;
College or university grants, scholarships and assistantships;
Net gambling or lottery winnings;
Social Security Disability Insurance payments;
Old age and survivors insurance benefits received under section 202 of the Social Security Act including:
  o Social Security Survivor Benefits – these are benefits paid to people up to age 18 who have had a parent die and the parent paid wages into the system; and
  o Social Security Retirement Benefits – these are benefits that are paid to people who reached their social security age and have wages paid in the system;
Unemployment compensation; and
Child Support payments.

Exclude from Family Income:
Public Assistance cash payments (including Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental Security Income, Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA), and General Assistance (GA));
Foster care child payments;
Title IV of the Higher Education Act (i.e. Pell grants, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, and Federal Work-Study);
Needs-based scholarship assistance;
Income earned while on military duty and certain veteran’s benefits (i.e. compensation for service connected disability, compensation for service connected death, vocational rehabilitation and education assistance);
Capital gains;
Any asset drawn down as withdrawals from a bank, the sale of property, a house or a car;
Tax refunds, gifts, loans, lump-sum inheritances, one-time insurance payments, or compensation for injury;
Non-cash benefits such as business paid fringe benefits, food or housing received in lieu of wages, Medicare, Medicaid, school meals, and housing assistance;
Tribal Government payments (i.e. Per Capita payments; lease payments, Individual Indian Money (IIM));

Income Table for Adults and Youth:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Family Size</th>
<th>Annual Non-Metro Area</th>
<th>6 Month Non-Metro Area</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$13,590</td>
<td>$6,795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$19,971</td>
<td>$9,985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$27,419</td>
<td>$13,709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$33,844</td>
<td>$16,922</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$39,943</td>
<td>$19,971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$46,715</td>
<td>$23,357</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• For all families larger than 6 persons: Add the amount equal to the difference between the sixth and fifth person family income levels, $6,772, for each additional person in the family.

Monitoring and Evaluation:

• A formal monitoring will be conducted by the entity designated by SWIB.

References:

• Family of One Criteria - Adult and Dislocated Worker 20 CFR 680.640
• Family of One Criteria - Youth 20 CFR 681.280